Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 27W457 Warrenville Road Warrenville, IL 60555-3902

Actuarial Valuation as of June 1, 2017



ADDISON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Utilizing Data as of May 31, 2017 For the Contribution Year June 1, 2017 to May 31, 2018

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

Actuarial Valuation – Funding Recommendation



Lauterbach & Amen, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ADDISON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Contribution Year Ending: May 31, 2018

Actuarial Valuation Date: June 1, 2017 Utilizing Data as of May 31, 2017

Submitted by:

Lauterbach & Amen, LLP 630.393.1483 Phone www.lauterbachamen.com

Contact:

Todd A. Schroeder October 12, 2017

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP



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PHONE 630.393.1483 • FAX 630.393.2516 www.lauterbachamen.com

ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATION

This report documents the results of the actuarial valuation of the Addison Fire Protection District Firefighters' Pension Fund. The purpose is to report the actuarial contribution requirement for the contribution year June 1, 2017 to May 31, 2018. Determinations for purposes other than meeting the employer's actuarial contribution requirements may be significantly different from the results herein.

The results in this report are based on information and data submitted by the Addison Fire Protection District Firefighters' Pension Fund including studies performed by prior actuaries. We did not prepare the actuarial valuations for the years prior to June 1, 2013. Those valuations were prepared by other actuaries whose reports have been furnished to us, and our disclosures are based upon those reports. An audit of the information was not performed, but high-level reviews were performed for general reasonableness, as appropriate, based on the purpose of the valuation. The accuracy of the results is dependent upon the accuracy and completeness of the underlying information. The results of the actuarial valuation and these supplemental disclosures rely on the information provided.

The valuation results summarized in this report involve actuarial calculations that require assumptions about future events. The Addison Fire Protection District Firefighters' Pension Fund selected certain assumptions, while others were the result of guidance and/or judgment. We believe that the assumptions used in this valuation are reasonable and appropriate for the purposes for which they have been used.

To the best of our knowledge, all calculations are in accordance with the applicable funding requirements, and the procedures followed and presentation of results conform to generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. The undersigned of Lauterbach & Amen, LLP, with actuarial credentials, meets the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render this Actuarial Opinion. There is no relationship between the Addison Fire Protection District Firefighters' Pension Fund and Lauterbach & Amen, LLP that impairs our objectivity.

The information contained in this report was prepared for the use of the Addison Fire Protection District Firefighters' Pension Fund and the Addison Fire Protection District in connection with our actuarial valuation. It is not intended or necessarily suitable for other purposes. It is intended to be used in its entirety to avoid misrepresentations.

Respectfully Submitted,

LAUTERBACH & AMEN, LLP

Todd A. Schude

Todd A. Schroeder, EA





MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

Contribution Recommendation Funded Status Management Summary

CONTRIBUTION RECOMMENDATION

	Prior Valuation	Current Valuation	Descriment of
Contribution Requirement	\$2,434,889	\$2,666,557	Recommended Contribution has Increased
Expected Payroll	\$4,746,939	\$4,979,982	\$231,668 from Prior Year.
Contribution Requirement as a Percent of Expected Payroll	51.29%	53.55%	

FUNDED STATUS

	Prior	Current
	Valuation	Valuation
Normal Cost	\$1,079,139	\$1,150,663
Market Value of Assets	\$42,338,082	\$45,645,095
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$45,108,142	\$46,871,930
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$72,271,336	\$76,492,904
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$27,163,194	\$29,620,974
Percent Funded Actuarial Value of Assets	62.41%	61.28%
Market Value of Assets	58.58%	59.67%

Funded Percentage has Decreased 1.13 on an Actuarial Value of Assets Basis.



MANAGEMENT SUMMARY – COMMENTS AND ANALYSIS

Contribution Results

The contribution recommendation is based on the funding policies and procedures that are outlined in the "Actuarial Funding Policies" section of this report.

The State of Illinois statutes for pension funds contain parameters that should be used to determine the minimum amount of contribution to a public pension fund. Those parameters and the resulting minimum contribution can be found in the "Illinois Statutory Minimum Contribution" section of this report.

Defined Benefit Plan Risks

Asset Growth

Pension funding involves preparing plan assets to pay benefits for the members when they retire. During their working careers, assets need to build with contributions and investment earnings, and then the pension fund distributes assets during retirement. Based on the fund's current mix of employees and funded status, the fund should be experiencing positive asset growth on average if requested contributions are made and expected investment earnings come in. In the current year, the fund asset growth was positive by approximately \$3,300,000.

Asset growth is important long-term. Long-term cash flow out of the pension fund is primarily benefit payments. Expenses make up a smaller portion. The fund should monitor the impact of expected benefit payments and the impact on asset growth in the future. In the next 5 years, benefits payments are anticipated to increase 25-30%, or approximately \$1,100,000. In the next 10 years, the expected increase in benefit payments is 60-65%, or approximately \$2,400,000.

Unfunded Liability:

Unfunded liability represents dollars we expect to be in the pension fund already for the fund members based on funding policy. To the extent dollars are not in the pension fund the fund is losing investment returns on those dollars going forward. Payments to unfunded liability pay for the lost investment earnings, as well as the outstanding unfunded amount. If payment is not made, the unfunded liability will grow.

In the early 1990s, many pension funds in Illinois adopted an increasing payment to handle unfunded liability due to a change in legislation. The initial payments decreased, and payments were anticipated to increase annually after that. In many situations, payments early on may be less than the interest on unfunded liability, which means unfunded liability is expected to *increase* even if contributions are at the recommended level.



The current contribution recommendation includes a payment to unfunded liability that is approximately \$130,000 less than interest on the unfunded liability. All else being equal and contributions being made, unfunded liability would still be expected to increase. The employer and the fund should anticipate currently that improvement in the funded percent will be mitigated in the short-term. The employer and the fund should understand this impact as we progress forward to manage expectations.

Actuarial Value of Assets:

The pension fund smooths asset returns that vary from expectations over a five-year period. The intention over time is that asset returns for purposes of funding recommendations are a combination of several years. The impact is intended to smooth out the volatility of contribution recommendations over time, but not necessarily increase or decrease the level of contributions over the long-term.

When asset returns are smoothed, there are always gains or losses on the Market Value of Assets that are going to be deferred for current funding purposes, and recognized in future years. Currently, the pension fund is deferring approximately \$1,200,000 in losses on the Market Value of Assets. These are asset losses that will be recognized in upcoming periods, independent of the future performance of the Market Value of Assets.

Plan Assets

The results in this report are based on the assets held in the pension fund. Assets consist of funds held for investment and for benefit payments as of the valuation date. In addition, assets may be adjusted for other events representing dollars that are reasonably expected to be paid out from the pension fund or deposited into the pension fund after the actuarial valuation date as well.

The current fund assets are audited.

The actuarial value of assets under the funding policy is equal to the fair market value of assets, with unexpected gains and losses smoothed over 5 years. More detail on the Actuarial Value of Assets can be found in the funding policy section of the report.

The Plan Assets Used in this Report are Audited.



Demographic Data

Demographic factors can change from year to year within a pension fund. Changes in this category include hiring new employees, employees retiring or becoming disabled, retirees passing away, and other changes. Demographic changes can cause an actuarial gain (contribution that is less than expected compared to the prior year) or an actuarial loss (contribution that is greater than expected compared to the prior year).

Demographic gains and losses occur when the assumptions over the one-year period for employee changes do not meet our long-term expectation. For example, if no employees become disabled during the year, we would expect a liability gain. If more employees become disabled than anticipated last year, we would expect a liability loss. Generally, we expect short-term fluctuations in demographic experience to create 1%-3% gains or losses in any given year, but to balance out in the long-term.

In the current report, the key demographic changes were as follows:

New hires: The fund added 5 new active members in the current year through hiring, 1 of whom terminated employment in the current year. When a new member is admitted to the pension fund, the employer contribution will increase to reflect the new member. The increase in the recommended contribution in the current year for the new fund members is approximately \$29,000.

Disability: There was 1 member of the fund who became disabled during the year. When a member becomes disabled, the fund will often experience a decrease in normal cost, but an increase in unfunded liability. The increase in the recommended contribution in the current year for the new disability was approximately \$7,700.

Retirement: There was 1 member of the fund who retired during the year. When a fund member retires, the normal cost will decrease. Any change in the actuarial liability will be considered when determining the amount to pay towards unfunded liability each year. The decrease in the recommended contribution in the current year due to the retirement experience is approximately \$2,600.

Salary Increases: Salary increases were greater than anticipated in the current year. Most active members received increase of greater than 4.25%. This caused an increase in the recommended contribution in the current year of approximately \$7,300.



Assumption Changes

In the current valuation, we have updated the mortality assumption to include mortality improvements as stated in the most recently released MP-2016 table. In addition, the rates are being applied on a fully-generational basis. These changes were made to better reflect the future anticipated experience in the fund. See page 29 for more details on the specific mortality updates made and the table on the following page for the impact of these changes on the current valuation.

Funding Policy Changes

The funding policy was not changed from the prior year.



ACTUARIAL CONTRIBUTION RECOMMENDATION - RECONCILIATION

Actuarial liability is expected to increase each year for both interest for the year and as active employees earn additional service years towards retirement. Similarly, actuarial liability is expected to decrease when the fund pays benefits to inactive employees.

Contributions are expected to increase as expected pay increases under the funding policy for the Fund.

	Actuarial	Contribution
	Liability	Recommendation
Prior Valuation	\$ 72,271,336	\$ 2,434,889
Expected Changes	2,463,066	85,221
Initial Expected Current Valuation	\$ 74,734,402	\$ 2,520,110

Other increases or decreases in actuarial liability (key changes noted below) will increase or decrease the amount of unfunded liability in the plan. To the extent unfunded liability increases or decreases unexpectedly, the contribution towards unfunded liability will also change unexpectedly.

	Actuarial	Contribution
	Liability	Recommendation
Salary Increase Greater than Expected	113,646	7,346
Demographic Changes	1,794,258	85,690
Assumption Changes	(149,403)	20,772
Asset Return Less than Expected *	-	43,602
Contributions Greater than Expected		(10,962)
Total Actuarial Experience	\$ 1,758,502	\$ 146,448
Current Valuation	\$ 76,492,904	\$ 2,666,557

*The impact on contribution due to asset performance is based on the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Key demographic changes were discussed in the prior section.





VALUATION OF FUND ASSETS

Market Value of Assets Actuarial Value of Assets

MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

Statement of Assets

	Prior	Current
	Valuation	Valuation
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
Money Market	466,046	580,394
Fixed Income	19,013,799	20,357,981
Mutual Funds	22,365,157	24,509,112
Receivables (Net of Payables)	491,080	195,608
Net Assets Available for Pensions	\$ 42,338,082	\$ 45,645,095



Statement of Changes in Assets

Total Market Value - Prior Valuation	\$ 42,338,082	The Return on
Plus - Employer Contributions	2,592,620	Investment on
Plus - Employee Contributions	458,538	the Market Value of Assets
Plus - Return on Investments	4,051,040	for the Fund was
Less - Benefit and Related Payments	(3,754,302)	Approximately 9.6% Net of
Less - Other Expenses	(40,884)	Administrative
Total Market Value - Current Valuation	\$ 45,645,095	Expenses.

The return on investments shown has been determined as the Return on Assets from the statement of changes in assets, as a percent of the average of the beginning and ending Market Value of Assets. Return on Investment is net of the Other Expenses as shown. The Return on Investments has been excluded from the Total Market Value of Assets at the end of the year for this calculation.



MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS (GAIN)/LOSS

Current Year (Gain)/Loss on Market Value of Assets

Total Market Value - Prior Valuation	\$ 42,338,082	
Contributions	3,051,158	
Benefit Payments	(3,754,302)	The Return on
Expected Return on Investments	2,939,056	the Market
Expected Total Market Value - Current Valuation	44,573,995	Value of Assets
Actual Total Market Value - Current Valuation	45,645,095	was Higher than
Current Market Value (Gain)/Loss	\$ (1,071,100)	Expected Over the Most Recent
		Year.
Expected Return on Investments	\$ 2,939,056	
Actual Return on Investments (Net of Expenses)	4,010,156	
Current Market Value (Gain)/Loss	\$ (1,071,100)	

The (Gain)/Loss on the Market Value of Assets has been determined based on expected returns at the actuarial rate.



VALUATION OF FUND ASSETS

DEVELOPMENT OF THE ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

Total Market Value - Current Value	uation	\$ 45,645,095	
Adjustment for Prior (Gains)/Loss			The Actuarial Value of Assets is Equal to
	Full Amount		the Fair Market
First Preceding Year Second Preceding Year Third Preceding Year Fourth Preceding Year Total Deferred (Gain)/Loss	\$ (1,071,100) 2,984,499 729,270 6,538	(856,880) 1,790,699 291,708 1,308 1,226,835	Value of Assets with Unanticipated Gains/Losses Recognized over 5 Years. The Actuarial
Initial Actuarial Value of Assets -	Current Valuation	\$ 46,871,930	Value of Assets is
Less Contributions for the Curr Less Adjustment for the Corrid		t - 	Currently 103% of the Market Value.
Actuarial Value of Assets - Curre	nt Valuation	\$ 46,871,930	

(GAIN)/LOSS ON THE ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

Total Actuarial Value - Prior Valuation	\$ 45,108,142	The Return on
Plus - Employer Contributions	2,592,620	Investment on
Plus - Employee Contributions	458,538	the Actuarial Value of Assets
Plus - Return on Investments	2,507,815	for the Fund was
Less - Benefit and Related Payments	(3,754,302)	Approximately 5.5% Net of
Less - Other Expenses	(40,884)	Administrative
Total Actuarial Value - Current Valuation	\$ 46,871,930	Expenses.

The Actuarial Value of Assets incorporates portions of gains and losses over multiple years.



HISTORICAL ASSET PERFORMANCE

The chart below shows the historical rates of return on plan assets for both Market Value of Assets and Actuarial Value of Assets.

	Market	Actuarial
	Value	Value
First Preceding Year	9.6%	5.5%
Second Preceding Year	0.0%	5.3%
Third Preceding Year	5.3%	6.8%

The returns on assets shown above were calculated based on the annual return on investment for the year, as a percentage of the average value of the assets for the year.

For purposes of determining the average value of assets during the year, the ending market value of assets has been adjusted to net out to the portion related to the investment returns themselves. All other cash flows are included.

For purposes of determining the annual return on investment we have adjusted the figures shown on the preceding pages. The figures shown on the preceding pages are net of investment expenses. We have made an additional adjustment to net out administrative expenses. Netting out administrative expenses allows us to capture returns for the year that can be used to make benefit payments as part of the ongoing actuarial process.

The adjustment we make is for actuarial reporting purposes only. By netting out administrative expenses and capturing return dollars that are available to pay benefits, it provides us a comparison to the estimated rate of return on assets, but does not provide a figure that would be consistent with the return rates that are determined by other parties. Therefore, this calculated rate of return should not be used to analyze investment performance of the Fund or the performance of the investment professionals.





RECOMMENDED CONTRIBUTION DETAIL

Actuarial Accrued Liability Funded Status Development of the Normal Cost Recommended Contribution Actuarial Methods – Recommended Contribution

ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

	Prior Valuation	Current Valuation	
Active Employees	\$ 22,092,270	\$ 23,215,298	The Total
Inactive Employees			Actuarial
Terminated Employees - Vested	-	-	Liability has
Retired Employees	42,137,103	44,354,235	Increased
Disabled Employees	6,121,139	7,043,901	\$4,221,568 from
Other Beneficiaries	1,920,824	1,879,470	Prior Valuation.
Total Inactive Employees	50,179,066	53,277,606	
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 72,271,336	\$ 76,492,904	

FUNDED STATUS

	Prior	Current
	Valuation	Valuation
Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 72,271,336	\$ 76,492,904
Total Actuarial Value of Assets	45,108,142	46,871,930
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$ 27,163,194	\$ 29,620,974
Total Market Value of Assets	\$ 42,338,082	\$ 45,645,095
Percent Funded		
Actuarial Value of Assets	<u>62.41%</u>	<u>61.28%</u>
Market Value of Assets	<u>58.58%</u>	<u>59.67%</u>

Funded Percentage as of the Valuation Date is Subject to Volatility on Assets and Liability in the Short-Term.



RECOMMENDED CONTRIBUTION DETAIL

DEVELOPMENT OF THE EMPLOYER NORMAL COST

	Prior Valuation	Current Valuation	At a 100%
Total Normal Cost	\$ 1,079,139	\$ 1,150,663	Funding Level, the Normal Cost
Estimated Employee Contributions	(448,823)	(470,857)	Contribution is
Employer Normal Cost	\$ 630,316	\$ 679,806	Still Required.

NORMAL COST AS A PERCENTAGE OF EXPECTED PAYROLL

	Prior Valuation	Current Valuation	
Expected Payroll	\$ 4,746,939	\$ 4,979,982	Ideally, the Employer
Employee Normal Cost Rate	<u>9.455%</u>	<u>9.455%</u>	Normal Cost Rate will Remain
Employer Normal Cost Rate	<u>13.28%</u>	<u>13.65%</u>	Stable.
Total Normal Cost Rate	<u>22.73%</u>	<u>23.11%</u>	

CONTRIBUTION RECOMMENDATION

	Prior	Current	
	 Valuation	Valuation	The
Employer Normal Cost*	\$ 705,856	\$ 727,392	Recommended Contribution has
Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability/(Surplus)	1,729,033	1,939,165	Increased 9.5% from Prior
Funding Requirement	\$ 2,434,889	\$ 2,666,557	Valuation.

*Employer Normal Cost Contribution includes interest through the end of the year.



RECOMMENDED CONTRIBUTION DETAIL

ACTUARIAL METHODS – RECOMMENDED CONTRIBUTION

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 1, 2017
Data Collection Date	May 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (Level % Pay)
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Amortization Target	100% Funded over 23 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value

The contribution and benefit values of the Pension Fund are calculated by applying actuarial assumptions to the benefit provisions and census information furnished, using the actuarial cost methods described. The actuarial cost and amortization method allocates the projected obligations of the plan over the working lifetimes of the plan participants.

The recommended contribution amount shown in this report is based on the methods summarized above. The Actuarial Funding Policies section of the report will include a more detailed description of the funding methods being used.

The Actuarial Funding Methods are meant to provide a systematic process for determining contributions on an annual basis. The methods do not impact the expectation of future benefit payments. The methods only impact the way dollars are contributed towards future benefit payments.

Different Actuarial Funding Methods may achieve funding goals with differing levels of success. Certain methods are more efficient and more stable on an annual basis.





Minimum Contribution Methods and Assumptions

STATUTORY MINIMUM CONTRIBUTION

	Minimum
	Contribution
Contribution Requirement	\$2,160,435
Expected Payroll	\$4,979,982
Contribution Requirement as a Percent of Expected Payroll	43.38%

FUNDED STATUS – STATUTORY MINIMUM

	Minimum Contribution
Normal Cost	\$1,292,896
Market Value of Assets	\$45,645,095
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$46,871,930
Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$73,819,015
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$26,947,085
Percent Funded Actuarial Value of Assets	63.50%
Market Value of Assets	61.83%



The Statutory Minimum Contribution is based on funding methods and funding parameters in the Illinois statutes for pension funding. The resulting contribution is lower than the recommended contribution for the current plan year. The lower contribution amount is not recommended because it represents a deferral of contributions when compared to the recommended contribution method.

Actuarial Funding methods for pensions are best applied to provide a balance between the long-term goals of a variety of stakeholders:

- 1. Beneficiaries the fund participants are interested in benefit security and having the dollars there to pay benefits when retired
- 2. Employers cost control and cost stability over the long-term
- 3. Taxpayers paying for the services they are receiving from active employees

The Statutory Minimum Contribution methods are not intended to provide a better system in any of the above categories long-term. The parameters are not recommended for a long-term funding strategy.

The Statutory Minimum methods put into place in 2011 were intended to provide short-term budget relief for Employer contributions. An employer using the Statutory Minimum parameters for current funding should view the contributions as short-term relief. Our recommendation in this situation is for a pension fund and an employer to work towards a long-term funding strategy that better achieves the long-term funding goals, over a period that does not exceed 3-5 years.

The Securities and Exchange Commission in 2013 used the phrase "Statutory Underfunding" to describe situations where contributions appear to be more manageable in the short-term, but set up future contribution requirements that are less likely to be manageable.



ACTUARIAL METHODS – ILLINOIS STATUTORY MINIMUM CONTRIBUTION

Actuarial Valuation Date	June 1, 2017
Data Collection Date	May 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit (Level % of Pay)
Amortization Method	Level % Pay (Closed)
Remaining Amortization Period	90% Funded over 23 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-Year Smoothed Market Value

The contribution and benefit values of the Pension Fund are calculated by applying actuarial assumptions to the benefit provisions and census information furnished, using the actuarial cost methods described. The actuarial cost and amortization method allocates the projected obligations of the plan over the working lifetimes of the plan participants.

The Actuarial Funding Methods are meant to provide a systematic process for determining contributions on an annual basis. The methods do not impact the expectation of future benefit payments. The methods only impact the way dollars are contributed towards future benefit payments.

Different Actuarial Funding Methods may achieve funding goals with differing levels of success. Certain methods are more efficient and more stable on an annual basis.





ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATA

Active Employees Retirees and Beneficiaries

ACTUARIAL VALUATION DATA

ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

	Prior	Current
	Valuation	Valuation
Vested	30	31
Nonvested	19	20
Total Active Employees	49	51
Total Payroll	\$ 4,665,296	\$ 4,894,331

INACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Prior	Current
Valuation	Valuation
0	0
40	41
10	11
4	4
54	56
	Valuation 0 40 10 4

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PAYMENTS

	Prior Valuation		Current Valuation	
Terminated Employees - Vested	\$	-	\$ -	
Retired Employees		241,496	254,878	
Disabled Employees		39,795	46,713	
Other Beneficiaries		16,469	16,469	
Total Inactive Employees	\$	297,760	\$ 318,060	

Benefits shown for terminated employees under deferred retirement are not currently in pay status.





ACTUARIAL FUNDING POLICIES

Actuarial Cost Method Financing Unfunded Accrued Liability Actuarial Value of Assets

ACTUARIAL COST METHOD

The actuarial cost method allocates the projected obligations of the plan over the working lifetimes of the plan participants.

In accordance with the Pension Fund's Funding Policy the actuarial cost method for the recommended contribution basis is Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Pay). The Entry Age Normal Cost Method is a method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings or service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called normal cost. The portion of the actuarial present value not provided at a valuation date by the actuarial present value of future normal costs is called the actuarial liability.

FINANCING UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability may be amortized over a period either in level dollar amounts or as a level percentage of projected payroll.

In accordance with the Pension Fund's Funding Policy for the recommended contribution, the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities are amortized by level percent of payroll contributions to a 100% funding target over the remaining 23 future years.

ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

The pension fund is an ongoing plan. The employer wishes to smooth the effect of volatility in the market value of assets on the annual contribution. The Actuarial Value of Assets is equal to the Market Value of Assets with unanticipated gains/losses recognized over five years.

The asset valuation method is intended to create an Actuarial Value of Assets that remains reasonable in relation to the Market Value of Assets over time. The method produces results that can fall above and below the Market Value of Assets. The period of recognition is short.

It is intended that the period of recognition is short enough to keep the Actuarial Value of Assets within a decent range of the Market Value. The employer has not placed a specific corridor around the Market Value of Assets.





ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Nature of Actuarial Calculations Actuarial Assumptions in the Valuation Process Actuarial Assumptions Utilized

NATURE OF ACTUARIAL CALCULATIONS

The results documented in this report are estimates based on data that may be imperfect and on assumptions about future events. Certain plan provisions may be approximated or deemed immaterial, and, therefore, are not valued. Assumptions may be made about participant data or other factors. Reasonable efforts were made in this valuation to ensure that significant items in the context of the actuarial liabilities or costs are treated appropriately, and not excluded or included inappropriately.

Actual future experience will differ from the assumptions used in the calculations. As these differences arise, the expense for accounting purposes will be adjusted in future valuations to reflect such actual experience.

A range of results different from those presented in this report could be considered reasonable. The numbers are not rounded, but this is for convenience only and should not imply precision which is not inherent in actuarial calculations.

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS IN THE VALUATION PROCESS

The contribution and benefit values of the Pension Fund are calculated by applying actuarial assumptions to the benefit provisions and census information furnished, using the actuarial cost methods described in the previous section.

The principal areas of financial risk which require assumptions about future experience are:

- Long-term Rates of Investment Return
- Patterns of Pay Increases for Members
- Rates of Mortality Among Members and Beneficiaries
- Rates of Withdrawal of Active Members
- Rates of Disability Among Members
- Age Patterns of Actual Retirement

Actual experience of the Pension Fund will not coincide exactly with assumed experience. Each valuation provides a complete recalculation of assumed future experience and takes into account all past differences between assumed and actual experience. The result is a continual series of adjustments to the computed contribution requirement.

From time to time it becomes appropriate to modify one or more of the assumptions, to reflect experience trends (but not random year-to-year fluctuations).

Details behind the selection of the actuarial assumptions can be found in the assumption document provided to the client. The client has reviewed and approved the assumptions as a reasonable expectation of the future anticipated experience under the plan.



ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS UTILIZED

Expected Return on Investments	7.00% net of adminstrative expenses.
CPI-U	2.50%
Total Payroll Increases	3.50%
Individual Pay Increases	3.50% - 14.60%

Individual salary increases include a long-term average increase for inflation, average annual increases for promotions, and any additional increases for a step program. Sample Rates as Follows:

Service	Rate	Service	Rate
0	10.28%	8	4.00%
1	14.60%	9	4.00%
2	10.22%	10	4.00%
3	10.16%	15	4.00%
4	7.88%	20	4.00%
5	4.00%	25	3.50%
6	4.00%	30	3.50%
7	4.00%	35	3.50%

Retirement Rates

100% of the L&A Assumption Study Cap Age 62 for Firefighters 2016. Sample Rates as Follows:

Age	Rate	Age	Rate
50	0.068	53	0.111
51	0.080	54	0.132
52	0.094	55	0.155



Withdrawal Rates	100% of the I Sample Rates as	-	Study for	Firefighters 2016.	
	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	
	25	0.046	40	0.010	
	30	0.034	45	0.002	
	35	0.022	50	0.000	
Disability Rates	100% of the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2016 Sample Rates as Follows:				
	Age	Rate	Age	Rate	
	25	0.0001	40	0.0030	
	30	0.0003	45	0.0055	
	35	0.0013	50	0.0092	
Mortality Rates	 Active Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These Rates are Improved Generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates. Retiree Mortality follows the L&A Assumption Study for Firefighters 2016. These Rates are Experience Weighted with the Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment and Improved Generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates. 				
	 Disabled Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014 Study for Disabled Participants, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These Rates are Improved Generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates. Spouse Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014 Study. These Rates are Improved Generationally using MP-2016 Improvement Rates. 				
Married Participants		Participants are A umed to be 3 Year		Married. Female In Male Spouses.	





SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL PLAN PROVISIONS

Establishment of the Fund Administration Employee Contributions Normal Retirement Pension Benefits Pension to Survivors Termination Benefits Disability Benefits

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FUND

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is established and administered as prescribed by "Article 4. Firefighters' Pension Fund – Municipalities 500,000 and Under" of the Illinois Pension Code.

ADMINISTRATION

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is administered by a Board of Trustees located in each municipality maintaining a pension fund for its firefighters. Its duties are to control and manage the pension fund, to hear and determine applications for pensions, to authorize payment of pensions, to establish rules, to pay expenses, to invest funds, and to keep records.

EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS

Employees contribute 9.455% of salary.

NORMAL RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: 50% of final salary is payable commencing at retirement for 20 years of service. An additional 2.5% of final salary is added for each additional year of service (prorated monthly) in excess of 20 years of service (not to exceed 75% of final salary). "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at retirement.

Annual Increase in Benefit: A firefighter is entitled to an initial pension increase equal to 1/12 of 3% of the original monthly benefit for each full month that has passed since the pension began. The initial increase date will be the later of the first day of the month following the attainment of age 55, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount will be provided in each January thereafter.



NORMAL RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT - CONTINUED

Hired on or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 55 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: 2.5% of final average salary for each year of service is payable at retirement (not to exceed 75% of final average salary). "Final average salary" is determined by dividing the highest total salary over 96 consecutive months of service in the last 120 months of service by the total number of months of service in the period. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1^{st} following the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1^{st} . The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.

EARLY RETIREMENT PENSION BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

None

Hired on or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service and no longer a firefighter.

Benefit: The normal retirement pension benefit reduced by $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1% for each month that the firefighter's age is under age 55.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1^{st} following the attainment of age 60, or the first anniversary of the date of retirement. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1^{st} . The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.



SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL PLAN PROVISIONS

PENSION TO SURVIVORS

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners): Surviving spouse to receive continuation of the pension at the time of death or 54% of pensionable salary at the time pension began, if greater.

Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service: Surviving spouse is entitled to the full pension earned by the firefighter at the time of death, or 54% of the pensionable salary at death if greater.

Active Employee with 10-20 Years of service: Surviving spouse is entitled to 54% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately

Annual Increase in Benefit: None.

Hired on or After January 1, 2011

Death - Line of Duty

Surviving spouse is entitled to 100% of the salary attached to the rank of the firefighter on the last day of service, payable immediately.

Death - Non-Duty

Current Pensioners (Including Disabled Pensioners), Active Employee with 20+ Years of Service, and Active Employee with 10-20 Years of service: Surviving spouse to receive $66 \frac{2}{3}\%$ of the firefighter's earned pension at the date of death.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st after the attainment of age 60 by the recipient of the survivor's pension. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ¹/₂ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original survivor's pension amount.



TERMINATION BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: An accrual factor times final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Accrual Factor" is a factor of 1.5% at 10 years of service, increasing ratably up to 2.4% at 19 years of service. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter on the date of separation.

Annual Increase in Benefit: A firefighter will receive an initial increase of 3% on the first anniversary of the date of start of payments. Subsequent increases of 3% of the current pension amount will be provided in each January thereafter.

Hired on or After January 1, 2011

Eligibility: At least 10 years but less than 20 years of creditable service.

Benefit: An accrual factor times final salary for each year of service is payable beginning at age 60. "Accrual Factor" is a factor of 1.5% at 10 years of service, increasing ratably up to 2.4% at 19 years of service. "Final salary" is based on the greater of salary during the last year of service prior to termination of employment or the pay rate for the firefighter at termination of employment. Annual salary for this purpose will not exceed \$106,800, indexed by the lesser of 3% or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1. The salary cap will not decrease.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1^{st} following the first payment. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1^{st} . The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.



DISABILITY BENEFIT

Hired Prior to January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty; or non-duty with 7 years of service).

Benefit: A firefighter who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greatest of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the firefighter is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at retirement.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase is 3% of the original benefit for each full year that has passed since the pension began. Subsequent increases are 3% of the original pension benefit amount.

Hired on or after January 1, 2011

Eligibility: Disability (duty; or non-duty with 7 years of service).

Benefit: A firefighter who becomes disabled on duty is entitled to receive a pension equal to the greater of 65% of final salary or the pension they would have been entitled to upon retirement at the time of disability. For a non-duty disability, the firefighter is entitled to 50% of final salary. "Final salary" is based on the pay rate for the firefighter at last day of service.

Annual Increase in Benefit: The initial increase date will be the January 1st following the attainment of age 60. Subsequent increases will occur on each subsequent January 1st. The first increase and subsequent increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½ of the CPI-U for the 12 months ending with the September preceding each November 1, applied to the original pension amount.





GLOSSARY OF TERMS

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Actuarial Accrued Liability – The actuarial present value of future benefits based on employees' service rendered to the measurement date using the selected actuarial cost method. It is that portion of the Actuarial Present Value of plan benefits and expenses allocated to prior years of employment. It is not provided for by future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Cost Method – The method used to allocate the projected obligations of the plan over the working lifetimes of the plan participants.

Actuarial Value of Assets – The value of the assets used in the determination of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability. The Actuarial Value of Assets is related to Market Value of Assets, with adjustments made to spread unanticipated gains and losses for a given year over a period of several years. Actuarial Value of Assets is generally equally likely to fall above or below the Market Value of Assets, and generally does not experience as much volatility over time as the Market Value of Assets.

Asset Valuation Method – A valuation method designed to smooth random fluctuations in asset values. The objective underlying the use of an asset valuation method is to provide for the long-term stability of employer contributions.

Funding Policy – A set of procedures for a Pension Fund that outlines the "best practices" for funding the pension benefits based on the goals of the plan sponsor. A Funding Policy discusses items such as assumptions, Actuarial Cost Method, assets, and other parameters that will best help the sponsor meet their goal of working in the best interest of the plan participant.

Market Value of Assets – The value of the cash, bonds, securities and other assets held in the pension trust as of the measurement date.

Normal Cost –The present value of future benefits earned by employees during the current fiscal year. It is that portion of the Actuarial Present Value of benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability – The excess of the Actuarial Accrued Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is amortized over a period either in level dollar amounts or as a level percentage of projected payroll.

